

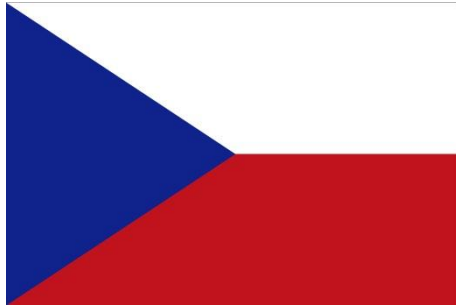
Welcome to

the Czech Republic





Basic Facts about the Czech Republic



Flag of the Czech Republic



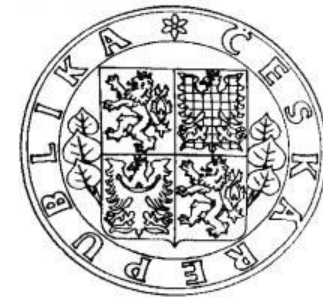
Czech State Emblem



Flag of the President



Small State Emblem



State Seal



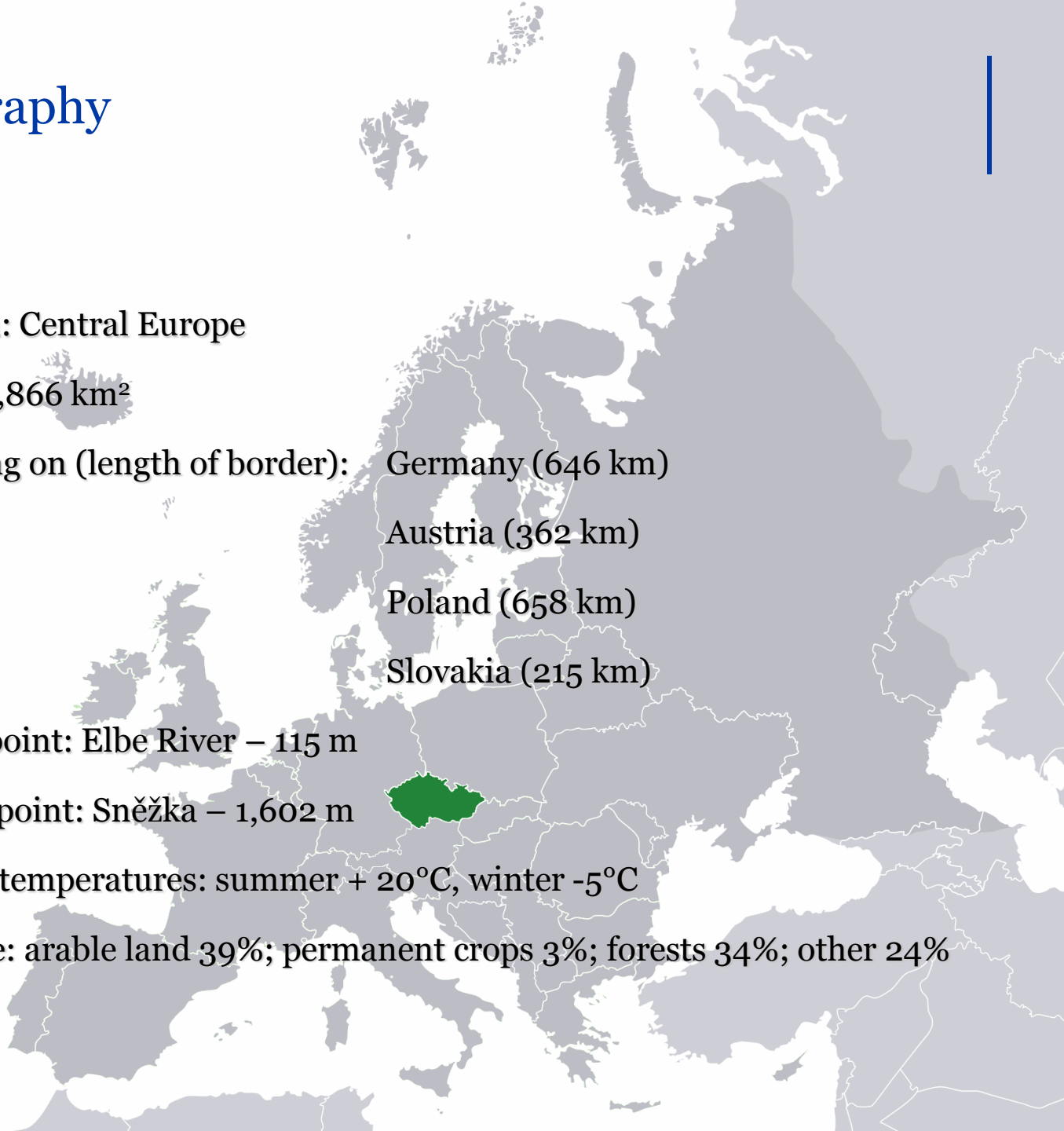
Basic Facts about the Czech Republic

- Area: 78,866 km²
- Population: 10,701,777
- Official language: Czech
- Political system: Parliamentary republic
- Head of State: President
- Currency: Czech crown (CZK)
- Capital: Prague
- Administrative division: 14 regions
- Member of organizations: EU, NATO, IMF, WB,
WTO, OECD, OSCE



Geography

- Location: Central Europe
- Area: 78,866 km²
- Bordering on (length of border):
 - Germany (646 km)
 - Austria (362 km)
 - Poland (658 km)
 - Slovakia (215 km)
- Lowest point: Elbe River – 115 m
- Highest point: Sněžka – 1,602 m
- Average temperatures: summer + 20°C, winter -5°C
- Land use: arable land 39%; permanent crops 3%; forests 34%; other 24%



Sněžka mountain





Population

- Total: 10,701,777

Age structure

- 0-14 years: 16%
- 15-64 years: 64.1%
- 65+ years: 19.9%

Birth rate

10.4 births / 1,000 population

Population growth rate

0.18%

Death rate

10.5 deaths / 1,000 popul.

Urbanization

73.5% of total population



Tourism

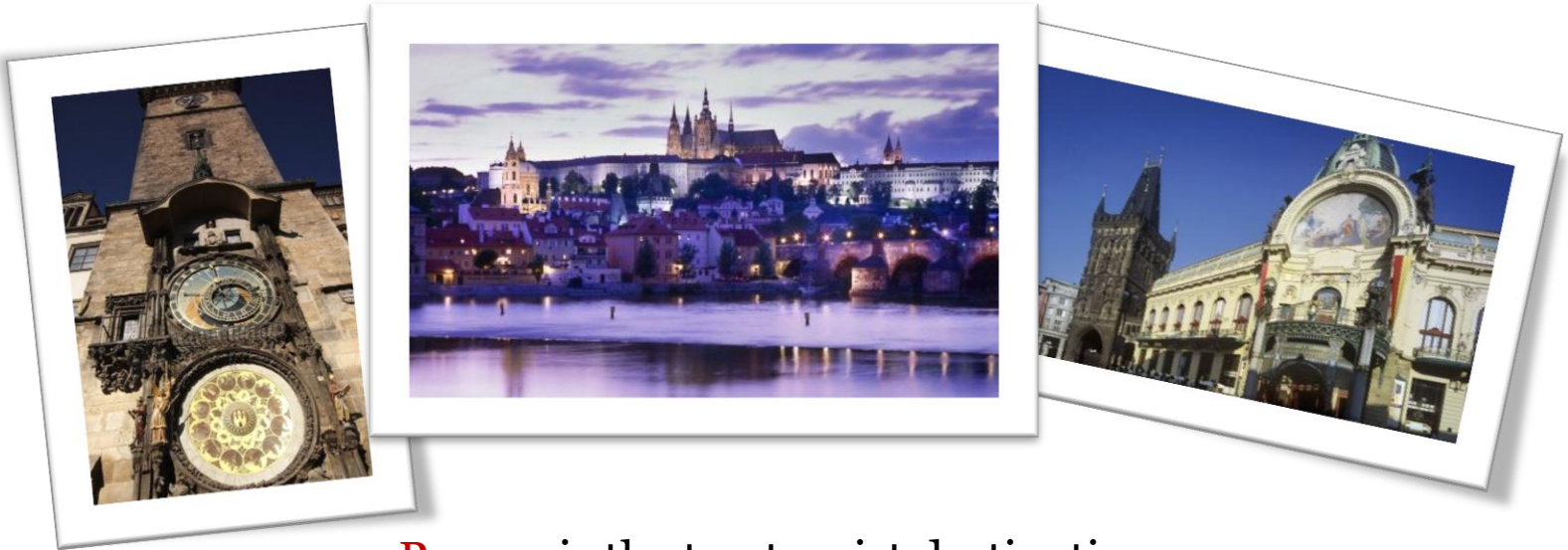
UNESCO Sights in the Czech Republic



1. Historic Centre of Prague
2. Historic Centre of Český Krumlov
3. Historic Centre of Telč
4. Pilgrimage Church of St John of Nepomuk at Zelená Hora
5. Kutná Hora: Historical Town Centre with the Church of St Barbara and the Cathedral of Our Lady at Sedlec
6. Lednice–Valtice Cultural Landscape
7. Gardens and Castle at Kroměříž
8. Holašovice Historical Village Reservation
9. Litomyšl Castle
10. Holy Trinity Column in Olomouc
11. Tugendhat Villa in Brno
12. Jewish Quarter and St Procopius' Basilica in Třebíč
13. Erzgebirge/Krušnohoří Mining Region*
(transnational)
14. Landscape for Breeding and Training of Ceremonial Carriage Horses at Kladruby nad Labem
15. Ancient and Primeval Beech Forests of the Carpathians and Other Regions of Europe*
(transnational)
16. The Great Spa Towns of Europe* (transnational)



Tourism



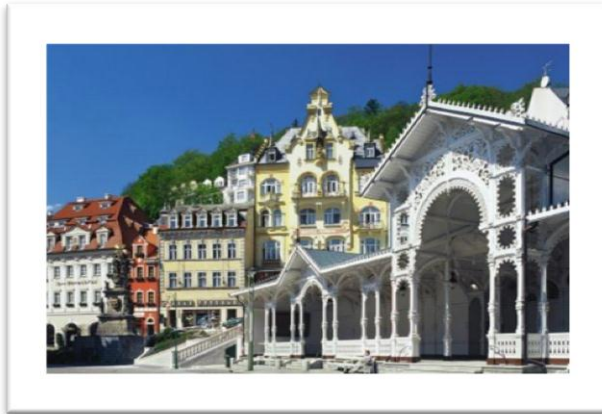
Prague is the top tourist destination in the Czech Republic. Recognized as one of the most beautiful capitals in the world, the city boasts an **exquisitely preserved historical centre**.





Tourism

Mineral spa towns in the Czech Republic are very popular tourist destinations.



Spa towns like Karlovy Vary (Carlsbad) and Mariánské Lázně (Marienbad) have a very long history of international recognition and success.



The spa town of Jáchymov is renowned for its rare radioactive springs.



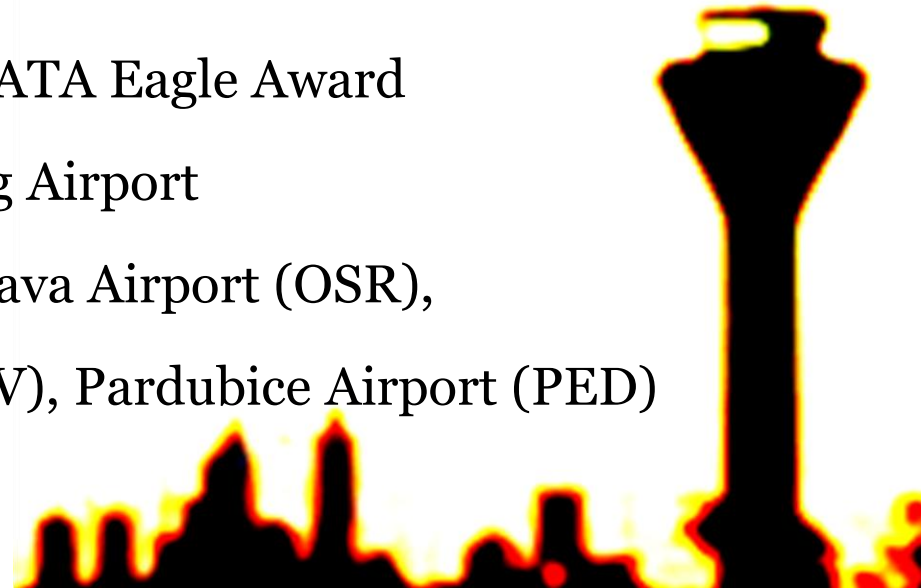
Infrastructure

Airports

5 international airports

Main International Airports in the Czech Republic:

- Václav Havel Airport Prague (PRG)
 - 11-12 million passengers per year
 - connections to 130 destinations worldwide
 - winner of the 2011 IATA Eagle Award for the Most Deserving Airport
- Brno Airport (BRQ), Ostrava Airport (OSR),
Karlovy Vary Airport (KLV), Pardubice Airport (PED)





Infrastructure



Roadways

Total: 55,500 km (paved)

1,276 km of motorways and highways



Railways

Total: 9,600 km in operation

3,000 km electrified tracks





Waterways

Total: 660 km (mainly Elbe, Vltava and Oder rivers)



Environment

- Number of protected areas: 2,170
- National parks:
 -  Krkonoše (Giant Mountains)
 -  Podyjí NP (Dyje River valley)
 -  České Švýcarsko (“Bohemian Switzerland”)
 -  Šumava NP
- Area of national parks: 119,020 ha
- Forest land: 2,646,000 ha



Šumava national park



**Thank you
for your attention**

